II. RESPONSE TO OFFICE ACTION

Claims 8, 9, 10, 12, 16, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28 and 29 have been amended to even more particularly point out and claim the subject matter of the claims. Claims 52-84 have been added. Claims 8-35 and 52-84 are pending in the present application.

Support for the new claims and claim amendments may be found in the claims as originally filed and throughout the Specification, for example, at page 3, lines 4-16; page 3, line 28 to page 4, line 6; Page 6, lines 29-31; Page 7, lines 11-16; page 17, line 30 to page 18, line 6; page 22, line 18 to page 23, line 3; and page 24, lines 14-17.

A. The 35 U.S.C. § 102 Rejection Over Eason

The Examiner rejected claims 8-33 and 35 under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 3,897,829 to Eason. Applicants respectfully traverse these rejections for the following reasons.

Amended independent claim 8 recites, in part, an aerial dispersion system configured for use with a fixed wing host aircraft and that includes two or more modular aerial dispersant holding tanks that are configured to be sequentially loaded into the fixed wing host aircraft and coupled together within the fixed wing host aircraft to provide a dispersant material flow path, and that are configured with a shape and outer dimensions that correspond to dimensions of a cargo container employed in the side-loading cargo system of the fixed wing host aircraft, or that are configured for installation and removal from an aircraft passenger compartment of the fixed wing host aircraft through a passenger door opening of the fixed wing host aircraft. Amended

independent claim 22 recites, in part, an aircraft-based material dispersion system that includes two or more modular aerial dispersant holding tanks sequentially disposed within a fixed wing host aircraft and coupled together within the fixed wing host aircraft to provide a dispersant material flowpath, and that are configured to be compatible with a side-loading aircraft cargo system of the fixed wing host aircraft or that are configured for installation and removal from an aircraft passenger compartment of the fixed wing host aircraft through a passenger door opening of said fixed wing host aircraft.

In order to support an anticipation rejection under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b), each and every element of the rejected claim must be found in the cited art. In the present case, Eason does not disclose a system including two or more modular aerial dispersant holding tanks that are configured to be sequentially loaded into the fixed wing host aircraft and coupled together within the fixed wing host aircraft to provide a dispersant material flow path as recited by amended independent claim 8. Nor does Eason disclose a system including two or more modular aerial dispersant holding tanks sequentially disposed within a fixed wing host aircraft and coupled together to provide a dispersant material flowpath. Instead, Eason describes and illustrates a single tank 12 installed in a helicopter (see Col. 3, line 56 to Col. 4, line 1; and Figures 1 and 2).

Furthermore, Eason does not teach or suggest anything about modular aerial dispersant holding tanks that are sequentially loaded/disposed and coupled together to provide a dispersant material flow path. In this regard, Eason actually *teaches away* from such an implementation because the helicopter of Eason lacks sufficient interior space to accommodate more than the single disclosed tank 12, and therefore modification of Eason to use more than one tank 12 would be impossible or at most would render it unsatisfactory for its intended purpose. "If

proposed modification would render the prior art invention being modified unsatisfactory for its intended purpose, then there is no suggestion or motivation to make the proposed modification" (see MPEP 2143.01). Thus, claims 8 and 22, and the claims dependent there from, are both novel and non-obvious over Eason for this reason alone.

Eason also fails to disclose, teach or suggest anything about a *fixed wing aircraft*, side-loading cargo systems of a fixed wing aircraft, a passenger compartment of a fixed wing host aircraft, or aerial dispersant holding tanks configured for compatibility or installation and removal from the same in the manner recited by the subject claims. The tank 12 of Eason is not configured with a shape and outer dimensions that correspond to dimensions of a cargo container employed in the side-loading cargo system of the fixed wing host aircraft (*see* discussion below regarding claim 9), and is not configured for installation and removal from an aircraft passenger compartment of a fixed wing host aircraft through a passenger door opening of the fixed wing host aircraft. Furthermore, Eason discloses nothing about a side-loading aircraft cargo system or compatibility therewith. Thus, claims 8 and 22 and the claims dependent therefrom, are further novel and non-obvious over Eason for this additional reason.

Claims dependent from independent claims 1 and 22 include other limitations not disclosed, taught or suggested by Eason that render these claims further novel and nonobvious over the respective base claim. For example, amended dependent claim 9 is directed to aerial dispersant holding tanks configured with a shape and outer dimensions that correspond to dimensions of a cargo container employed in the side-loading cargo system of the host (fixed wing) aircraft. As described in Exhibit A attached hereto, "container type and build-up must be appropriate to the type of aircraft used to move the cargo. Not all sizes are used on all aircraft"

(see **Exhibit** "UPS Air Containers Pallets," Α, Cargo and http://www.aircargo.ups.com/aircargo/using/services/services/domestic/svc-containers.html, page 1). In this regard, Exhibit B illustrates examples of cargo aircraft with side loading cargo doors with which the cargo containers of Exhibit A are employed see Exhibit B, "UPS Air Cargo Aircraft", http://www.aircargo.ups.com /aircargo/using/services/services/ domestic/svcaircraft.html, pages 1-7). Exhibit C gives further information concerning compatibility between particular aircraft and cargo containers and aircraft and cargo container compatibility (see Exhibit C, "Delta Shipping Containers", "Aircraft & Container Compatibility Chart", http://www.delta.com/prog serv/cargo/ship cont/index.jsp, page 1).

In the present case, Eason does not disclose an aerial dispersant holding tank configured with a shape and outer dimensions that correspond to dimensions of a cargo container employed in the side-loading cargo system of a host fixed wing aircraft. Nor does Eason teach or suggest so configuring an aerial dispersant holding tank. To the contrary, Eason describes and illustrates a U-shaped tank 12 that is "adaptable for fitting about opposite sides of the rotor transmission housing 22 [of the helicopter]" (see Col. 3, lines 65-67). Thus, Eason actually teaches away from this limitation of the claims.

Amended dependent claim 16 recites a cargo door configured to be removably disposed within a cargo opening of the host aircraft, and wherein the airborne dispersal device is configured to be coupled to the dispersal regulator through the cargo door. Amended dependent claim 17 recites a passenger door configured to be removably disposed within a passenger door opening of the host aircraft, and wherein the airborne dispersal device is configured to be coupled to the dispersal regulator through the passenger door. Eason discloses no door, much

less a cargo or passenger door through which an airborne dispersal device is configured to be coupled to the dispersal regulator. Thus Eason fails to disclose, teach or suggest these limitations of claims 16 and 17. Similar arguments apply to dependent claims 28 and 29.

Amended dependent claim 25 is directed to a system that includes two or more of aerial dispersant holding tanks coupled together and removably disposed in adjacent front end-to-rear end relationship within the baggage or cargo hold of the host aircraft. With regard to original claim 25, the Examiner points at page 3 of the Office Action to "opening/passageways at the lower extremities of tanks 12". However, Applicant points out that port 28 of Eason's single tank 12 is actually a drain port and port 34 is actually a filler port (see Col. 5, lines 43-52). Ports 28 and 34 are not positioned for coupling together tanks 12 in adjacent front end-to-rear end relationship as claimed. Furthermore, as previously described, Eason does not disclose, and actually teaches away from, coupling together two or more tanks 12. Similar arguments apply to dependent claims 12 and 26.

Dependent claim 35 depends from claim 22, and recites that the host aircraft comprises a wide body aircraft. The Examiner states in the Office Action that "the aircraft of Eason has been considered for the purpose of this rejection as 'wide bodied.'" (see page 5 of the Office Action). However, Applicant points out that a "wide body aircraft" is a term that describes a particular type of aircraft and that Eason does not disclose, teach or suggest anything about a wide-body aircraft, i.e., "a large airliner with a fuselage diameter of about 6 metres and twin aisles" (see Exhibit D, "Definition of Wide-body aircraft", http://www.wordiq.com/definition/Wide-body_aircraft).

Regarding dependent claims 18, 19, 31 and 32, the Examiner points to Figure 6 of Eason (see page 4 of the Office Action). However, Figure 6 of Eason merely illustrates a schematic diagram of the *fluid pumping system* of the fire suppression unit, and *discloses nothing* regarding a control subsystem (claims 18 and 31), or a navigation subsystem, a communications subsystem, and a sensor subsystem coupled to a control subsystem, or a control subsystem, navigation subsystem and communications subsystem configured to be coupled to one or more systems of a host aircraft (claims 19 and 32). If the Examiner maintains this rejection, Applicant requests the Examiner to indicate where *each* of the elements of claims 18, 19, 31 and 32 are disclosed in Eason.

For at least the above given reasons, claims 8-33 and 35 are novel and nonobvious over Eason. Applicant therefore respectfully requests that the rejection of these claims be withdrawn. Favorable reconsideration is requested.

B. The 35 U.S.C. § 103 Rejection Over Eason and McConnell

The Examiner rejected claim 34 under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 3,897,829 to Eason in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,622,966 to McConnell. Applicants respectfully traverse this rejection for the following reasons.

Amended independent claim 22 has been shown above to be novel and nonobvious over Eason, and McConnell adds nothing in this regard. Claim 34 depends from claim 22 and in thus non-obvious over Eason in view of McConnell. Applicant therefore respectfully requests that the rejection of this claim be withdrawn. Favorable reconsideration is requested.

C. New Claims 52-84

New independent claim 64 recites, in part, an aircraft-based material dispersion system comprising a *wide-body host aircraft*. As described above in relation to dependent claim 35, such a limitation is not disclosed, taught or suggested by Eason. Thus, new independent claim 64 is novel and nonobvious over Eason.

New claims 52-63 and 65-84 depend from one of the pending independent claims. These independent claims have all been shown above to be novel and nonobvious over Eason. Therefore, the new dependent claims are also novel and nonobvious for at least the same reasons. However, the new dependent claims include additional limitations that render them further novel and nonobvious over Eason.

For example, new dependent claims 54, 57 and 66 each recite a commercial passenger or cargo plane. New dependent claims 63 and 65 each recite a host aircraft having a gross carrying capacity of greater than or equal to about 100,000 pounds. New dependent claim 55 recites installing at least first and second aerial dispersant holding tanks into a baggage or cargo hold of the host fixed wing aircraft by slidably or rollably transporting the first and second aerial dispersant holding tanks within the baggage or cargo hold in a forward or rearward direction parallel to the longitudinal axis of the aircraft fuselage; and stacking the first and second aerial dispersant holding tanks in adjacent front end-to-rear end relationship within the baggage or cargo hold of the host aircraft.

The limitations of these new dependent claims render these claims even further novel and non-obvious over Eason.

D. Conclusion

The pending claims have been shown above to be allowable over the cited references. Applicants therefore respectfully submit that claims 8-35 and 52-84 are in condition for allowance. Reconsideration of the application and claims is courteously solicited.

The Examiner is invited to contact the undersigned attorney at (512)-347-1611 with any questions, comments or suggestions relating to the referenced patent application.

Respectfully submitted

William W.

Reg. No. 41,735

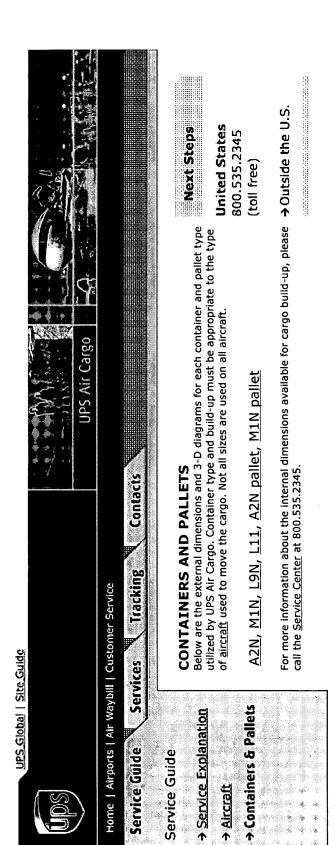
Attorney for Applicants

O'Keefe, Egan & Peterman, LLP 1101 S. Capital of Texas Highway Building C, Suite 200 Austin, Texas 78746 512/347-1611 FAX 512/347-1615

Date:



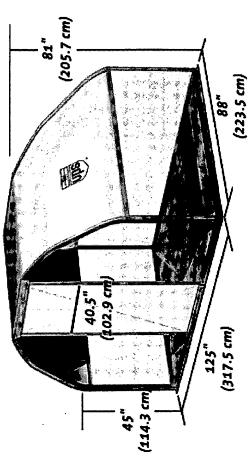
EXHIBIT A



Guaranteed... Priority →



A2N CONTAINER

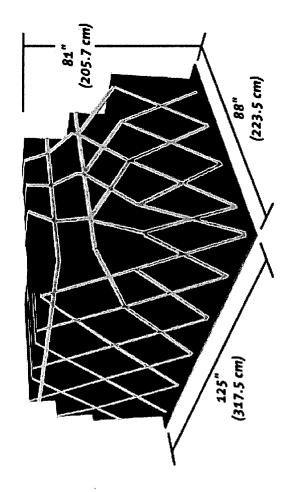


Maximum Accepted Weight: Varies by aircraft type.

Maximum Cubic Utilization: 420 cu. ft. (11.89 cu. m.) Note: The A2N container is a modified A2. Please call 800.535.2345 for further details.

◆Back to Top

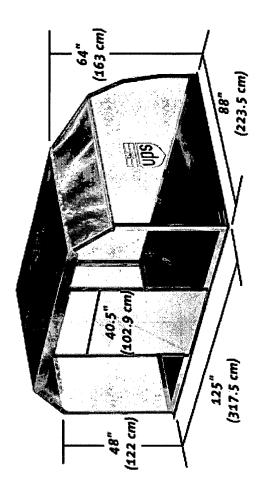
A2N PALLET



Maximum Accepted Weight: Varies by aircraft type. Maximum Cubic Utilization: 420 cu. ft. (11.89 cu. m.)

+Back to Top

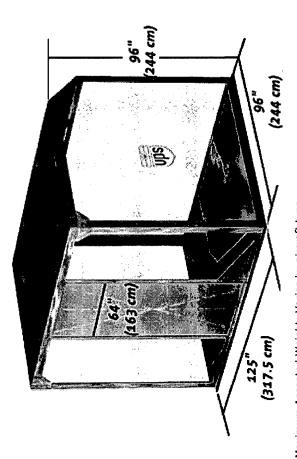
L9N CONTAINER



Maximum Accepted Weight: Varies by aircraft type. Maximum Cubic Utilization: 365 cu. ft. (10.34 cu. m.) Note: The L9N container is a modified L9. Please call 800.535.2345 for further details.

◆Back to Top

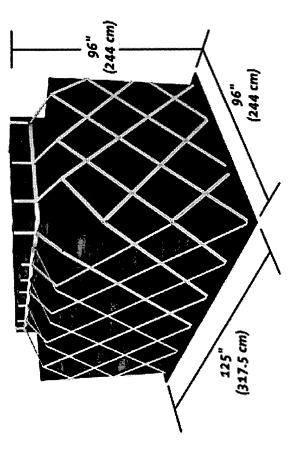
M1N CONTAINER



Maximum Accepted Weight: Varies by aircraft type. Maximum Cubic Utilization: 607 cu. ft. (17.19 cu. m.) Note: The M1N container is a modified M1. Please call 800.535.2345 for further details.

♦Back to Top

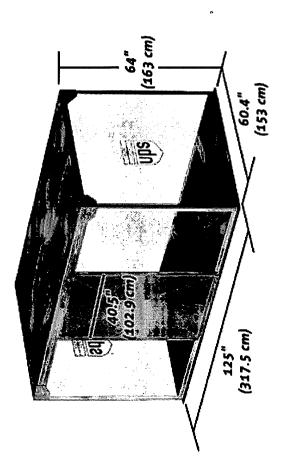
M1N PALLET



Maximum Accepted Weight: Varies by aircraft type. Maximum Cubic Utilization: 607 cu. ft. (17.19 cu. m.)

Back to Top

L11 CONTAINER



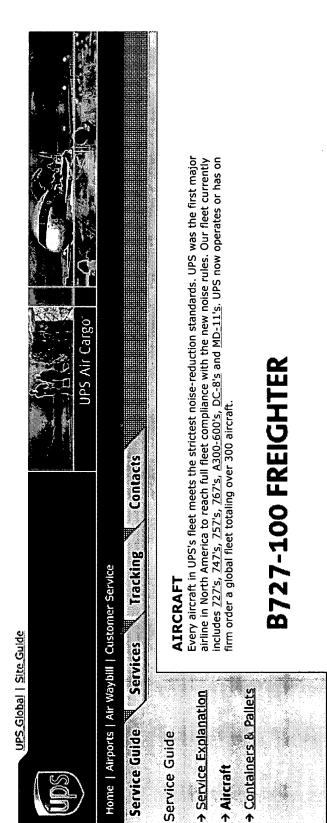
Maximum Accepted Weight: Varies by aircraft type. Maximum Cubic Utilization: 253 cu. ft. (7.20 cu. m.)

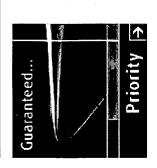
◆Back to Top

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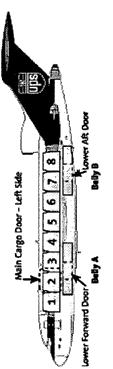
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EXHIBIT B









Compartment Load Capacity Main: 8-88" x 125" positions Belly A

420 cu. ft. (11.9 cu. m.) 470 cu. ft. (13.3 cu. m.)

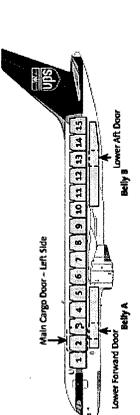
(224cm. x 318cm.)

Cargo Door Dimensions Lower Forward Door Main Cargo Door Lower Aft Door Belly B

♣Back to Top

134" x 91" (340cm. x 231cm.) 48" x 36" (122cm. x 91cm.) 48" x 35" (122cm. x 89cm.)

B757-200 FREIGHTER



Compartment Load Capacity

Main: 15 - 88" x 125" positions Belly A: Belly B:

1,090 cu. ft. (30.9 cu. m) 700 cu. ft. (19.8 cu. m.)

(224cm. x 318cm.)

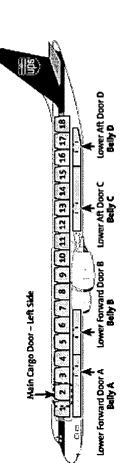
Cargo Door Dimensions

Lower Forward Door Main Cargo Door Lower Aft Door ◆Back to Top

86" x 134" (218cm. X 340cm.) 44" x 55" (112cm. X 140cm.)

44" x 55" (112cm. X 140cm.)

DC8-70 FREIGHTER



Compartment Load Capacity

Main: 18 - 88" x 125" positions

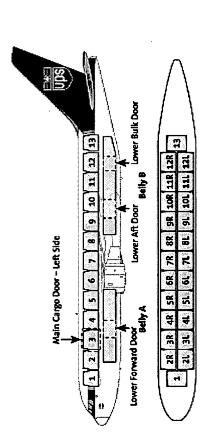
7,850 cu. ft. (222.4 cu. m.) (224cm. x 318cm.)

| 855 cu. ft. (24.2 cu. m.) | 435 cu. ft. (12.3 cu. m.) | 780 cu. ft. (22.1 cu. m.) | 430 cu. ft. (12.2 cu. m.) |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Belly A: | Belly B: | Belly C: | Belly D: |

Cargo Door Dimensions

140" x 85" (356cm. X 216cm.) 63" x 54" (160cm. X 137cm.) 63" x 54" (160cm. X 137cm.) 44" x 36" (112cm. X 91cm.) 36" x 44" (91cm. X 112cm.) Lower Forward Door B Lower Forward Door A Lower Bulk Door D Lower Aft Door C Main Cargo Door Back to Top

B767-300 FREIGHTER



Compartment Load Capacity

(224cm. X 318cm. X 163cm.) (244cm. X 318cm. X 163cm.) (224cm. X 318cm. X 163cm.) (244cm. X 318cm. X 163cm.) (224cm. X 318cm.) (244cm. X 318cm.) 11 - 96" x 125" positions Main: 24 - 88" x 125" positions Belly A: 4 - 88" x 125" x 64" 96" x 125" x 64" 96" x 125" x 64" Belly B: 3 - 88" x 125" x 6"

Cargo Door Dimensions

Main Cargo Door

103" x 134" (262cm. X 340cm.)

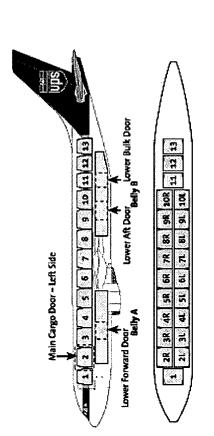
67" x 134" (170cm. X 340cm.) 67" x 134" (170cm. X 340cm.) 38" x 45" (97cm. X 114cm.) Lower Forward Door A Lower Bulk Door Lower Aft Door

Lower Deck

or 7 - 96" x 125" x 64" 7 - 88" x 125" x 64" Bulk Cargo Area Back to Top

4,004 cu. ft (113.4 cu. m.) 2,555 cu. ft (72.4 cu. m.) 430 cu. ft (12.2 cu. m.)

A300-600 FREIGHTER



Compartment Load Capacity

Belly A: 5-88" x 125" x 64" positions Belly B: 3-88" x 125" x 64" positions Main: 22 - 88" x 125" positions

(224cm. X 318cm. X 163cm.)

(224cm. x 318cm.)

(224cm. X 318cm. X 163cm.)

Cargo Door Dimensions

Lower Forward Door A Main Cargo Door Lower Bulk Door Lower Aft Door

141" x 102" (358cm. X 259cm.) 106" x 70" (270cm. X 178cm.) 71" x 68" (180cm. X 173cm.) 37" x 25" (94cm. X 64cm.)

Lower Deck

Forward cargo compartment:

4 - 88" x 125" x 64" or 96" x 125" x 64"

Aft cargo compartment: 3 - 88" x 125" x 64"

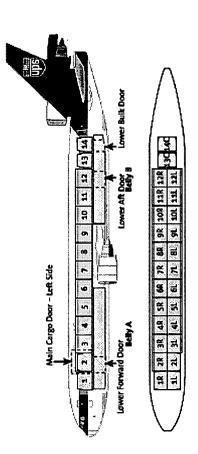
or 96" x 125" x 64" Bulk cargo area Back to Top

2,288 cu. ft (64.8 cu. m.) 1,460 cu. ft (41.5 cu. m.)

1,095 cu. ft (31.3 cu. m.) 1,716 cu. ft (48.6 cu. m.)

611 cu. ft (17.3 cu. m.)

MD-11 FREIGHTER



Compartment Load Capacity

4 - 88" x 125" positions Main: 22 - 96" x 125" positions

(224cm. x 318cm.)

Or: 26 - 88" x 125" positions Belly A: 6 - 88" x 125" x 64"

(224cm. X 318cm. X 163cm.) (153cm. X 318cm. X 163cm.)

(224cm. X 318cm.) (244cm. x 318cm.)

Belly B: 7 - 60.4" x 125" x 64"

Cargo Door Dimensions

Lower Forward Door A Main Cargo Door Lower Aft Door

Lower Bulk Door

140" x 102" (356cm. X 260cm.)

104" x 66" (256cm. X 168cm.) 70" x 66" (178cm. X 168cm.) 36" x 30" (92cm. X 76cm.)

Lower Deck

UPS Air Cargo Aircraft

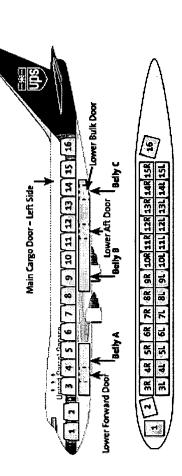
Forward cargo compartment: Aft cargo compartment 7 - 60.4" x 125" x 64" 6 - 88" x 125" x 64" Bulk cargo area

◆Back to Top

2,190 cu. ft (62.0 cu. m.)

1,771 cu. ft (50.4 cu. m.) 510 cu. ft (14.5 cu. m.)

B747-100 FREIGHTER



Compartment Load Capacity

Main: 29-88" x 125" positions 29-96" x 125" positions Belly A: 5 - 88" x 125" x 64" Belly B: 4 - 88" x 125" x 64"

(224cm. X 318cm. X 163cm.) (224cm. X 318cm. X 163cm.) 1,000 cu. ft. (28.3 cu. m.) (224cm. x 318cm.) (224cm. x 318cm.)

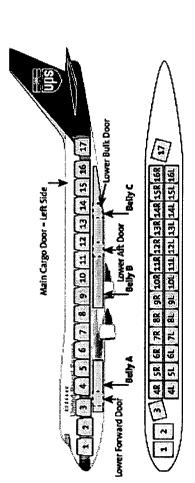
Cargo Door Dimensions

Belly C:

Main Cargo Door-Left Side Lower Forward Door Lower Bulk Door Lower Aft Door ◆Back to Top

120" x 134" (305cm. X 340cm.) 66" x 104" (168cm. X 264cm.) 66" x 104" (168cm. X 264cm.) 44" x 47" (112cm. X 119cm.)

B747-200 FREIGHTER



Compartment Load Capacity

Main: 30 - 88" x 125" positions (224cm. x 318cm.)
30 - 96" x 125" positions (224cm. x 318cm.)
Belly A: 5 - 88" x 125" x 64" (224cm. X 318cm. X 163cm.)
Belly B: 4 - 88" x 125" x 64" (224cm. X 318cm. X 163cm.)
Belly C: 1,000 cu. ft. (28.3 cu. m.)

Cargo Door Dimensions

 Main Cargo Door
 120" x 134" (305cm. X 340cm.)

 Lower Forward Door
 66" x 104" (168cm. X 264cm.)

 Lower Aft Door
 66" x 104" (168cm. X 264cm.)

 Lower Bulk Door
 44" x 47" (112cm. X 119cm.)

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EXHIBIT C





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Delta Cargo Facilities Links

Delta Shipping ContainersDelta Air Logistics shipping containers are designed to help control packaging and transportation costs and improve security. Containers are available in a range of types and sizes. Palletized shipments will be accepted as containers if they are properly restrained. See our bin charts for the narrow body

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Site Map & Search

Aircraft & Container Compatibility Chart

| Aircraft Type | Contair |
|---------------|---------|
| B-767-200 | LD-2 |

| Aircraft Type | Container Type |
|---------------|-------------------|
| B-767-200 | LD-2, LD-8 |
| B-767-300 | LD-2, LD-8 |
| B-767-400ER | LD-2, LD-8,LD-7 |
| B-777-200 | LD-3, LD-7, LD-11 |
| MD-11 | LD-3, LD-7, LD-11 |
| All aircraft | E, EH |

Bin Charts

| | R-737-300 Forward Cardo Compartment: 48W x 34H | | B-737-200 Forward Cargo Compartment: 48W x 34H | Aircraft Type Bin Space |
|--|--|--|--|-------------------------|
|--|--|--|--|-------------------------|

Forward Cargo Compartment Bin 1: 53W x 31H Mid Cargo Compartment Bin 2: 53W x 31H AFT Cargo Compartment Bin 3/4: 53W x 30H MD-88/MD-90

Delta Shipping Containers

Forward Cargo Compartment Fwd of Door: 55W x B-757-200

AFT Cargo Compartment Fwd of Door: 55W x 44H

Return to top

2,400 lbs. maximum net weight (1,088 kg) 120 cubic feet (3.39 cu. meters) Carried on B-767 aircraft IATA Class Rating—8D Carrier owned

162.56 cm)

61.5" (156.21 cm)

60.4" (153.42 cm)

(119.38 cm)

DPA 59 in. h. (149.86 cm) by 41 in. w. or 43 in. w. (109.22 cm) DPN 56 in. h. (142.22 cm) by 43 in. w. (109.22 Door dimensions --

150 cubic feet (4.25 cu. meters) 3,200 lbs. Maximum net weight (1,452 kg) Carried on and MD-11 aircraft LD-3 IATA Class Rating - 8 Carrier owned

Door dimensions --59 in. h. (149.86 cm) by 57 in. w. (144.78 cm)

(162.56 cm) 79° (200.66 cm) 61.5" (156.21 cm)

LD-7/88" PALLET

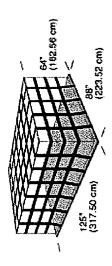
IATA Class Rating - 5

Carrier owned

450 cubic feet (12.74 cu. meters)

9,900 lbs. Maximum net weight (4,490 kg) Carried on B-767-332 ER and MD-11 aircraft

Delta Shipping Containers



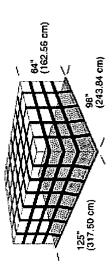
LD-7/96" PALLET IATA Class Rating - 2BG

Carrier owned

450 cubic feet (12.74 cu. meters)

10,900 lbs. Maximum net weight (4,944 kg) Carried on B-767-332 ER and

MD-11 aircraft



64" (162.56 cm) 125⁷ (317.50 cm) 96" (243.84 cm)

IATA Class Rating - 6A Carrier owned

240 cubic feet (6.80 cu. meters)

5,100 lbs. Maximum net weight (2,313 kg) Carried on B-767 aircraft

Door dimensions --

59 in. h. (149.86 cm) by 88 in. w. (223.59 cm)

64" (162.56 cm) (153.42 cm) 125° (317.50 cm)

IATA Class Rating - 6

Carrier owned

300 cubic feet (8.50 cu. meters) 6,500 lbs. Maximum net weight (2,948 kg) Carried on MD-11 aircraft

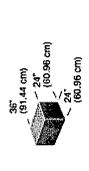
Door dimensions – 59 in. h. (149.86 cm) by 119 in. w. (302.26 cm)

E Shipper owned 18 cubic feet (.51 cu. meters) 500 lbs. Maximum gross weight (227 kg)

Delta Shipping Containers

42" (106.68 cm) 25.5" [64.77 cm) 29" (73.66 cm)

EH Shipper owned



Return to top

Bin Charts

737-200 Narrow Body Aircraft

| | | Forwa | rd Cargo | Compar | tment— | Forward Cargo Compartment—48W X 34H | Ŧ | | |
|------------------|-----|-------|----------|--------|--------|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|
| Width/ Height | ĸ | 10 | 5 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 |
| 34 | 122 | 119 | 117 | 116 | 100 | 83 | 25 | 22 | 22 |
| 32 | 128 | 124 | 122 | 120 | 108 | 06 | 24 | 22 | 22 |
| 30 | 133 | 128 | 126 | 124 | 115 | 102 | 25 | 22 | 22 |
| 28 | 137 | 132 | 130 | 127 | 121 | 111 | 22 | 24 | 22 |
| 26 | 141 | 135 | 133 | 130 | 126 | 120 | 25 | 22 | 22 |
| 24 | 144 | 138 | 136 | 133 | 130 | 126 | 25 | 22 | 22 |
| 22 | 146 | 141 | 139 | 136 | 134 | 129 | 62 | 22 | 22 |

| 70 | 149 | 143 | 141 | 138 | 137 | 132 | 62 | 22 | 22 |
|----|-----|-----|-----|----------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 18 | 151 | 146 | 144 | 141 | 140 | 134 | 62 | 22 | 22 |
| 16 | 153 | 148 | 146 | 141 | 142 | 137 | 62 | 22 | 22 |
| 4 | 155 | 150 | 148 | 145 | 144 | 140 | 138 | 25 | 22 |
| 12 | 157 | 152 | 150 | 147 | 146 | 142 | 142 | 22 | 22 |
| 9 | 158 | 154 | 151 | 149 | 148 | 144 | 143 | 134 | 22 |
| 15 | 162 | 158 | 155 | 154 | 151 | 148 | 143 | 142 | 130 |
| | | | | Length (| ľ(N) | | | | |

¹ Maximum length of a single piece of cargo is determined by taking the height and width and finding the intersecting value. All values are in inches. Maximum weight for a single piece of cargo on a narrow body aircraft is 300 lbs.

AFT Cargo Compartment—48W X 35H

| Width/ Height | ĸ | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40-45 |
|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 34 | 144 | 142 | 138 | 124 | NA ² | NA ² | NA ² | NA ² |
| 32 | 156 | 153 | 151 | 140 | NA ² | NA ² | NA ² | NA ² |
| 30 | 164 | 160 | 159 | 150 | 136 | 95 | 95 | 92 |
| 28 | 169 | 166 | 164 | 157 | 143 | 95 | 95 | 92 |
| 56 | 172 | 170 | 169 | 163 | 150 | 95 | 95 | 92 |
| 24 | 175 | 173 | 172 | 168 | 157 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| 22 | 177 | 175 | 174 | 171 | 164 | 95 | 95 | 92 |
| 20 | 180 | 178 | 177 | . 174 | 171 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| 18 | 182 | 180 | 179 | 176 | 172 | 92 | 95 | 92 |
| 16 | 184 | 182 | 181 | 178 | 174 | 169 | 92 | 92 |
| 4 | 186 | 184 | 182 | 180 | 175 | 174 | 92 | 92 |
| 12 | 188 | 186 | 184 | 181 | 177 | 175 | 92 | 92 |

| 92 | 92 |
|-----|-----|
| 92 | 169 |
| 177 | 181 |
| 178 | 182 |
| 183 | 186 |
| 185 | 188 |
| 188 | 191 |
| 190 | 194 |
| 10 | ĸ |

Length (IN)1

Return to top

737-300 Narrow Body Aircraft

Forward Cargo Compartment—48W X 34H

| Width/ Height | ĸ | 9 | 15 | 70 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 |
|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 34 | 142 | 140 | 136 | 114 | 9/ | 9/ | 65 | 26 | 56 |
| 32 | 142 | 140 | 140 | 130 | 98 | 98 | 74 | 99 | 9 |
| 30 | 146 | 144 | 142 | 136 | 98 | 98 | 84 | 9/ | 65 |
| 28 | 146 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 8 | 74 |
| 26 | 153 | 150 | 148 | 144 | 140 | 98 | 98 | 86 | 78 |
| 54 | 156 | 152 | 150 | 148 | 146 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 84 |
| 22 | 158 | 156 | 152 | 150 | 146 | 98 | 98 | 86 | 86 |
| 20 | 160 | 159 | 154 | 153 | 146 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 86 |
| 18 | 164 | 160 | 158 | 156 | 154 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 86 |
| 16 | 165 | 162 | 160 | 158 | 156 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 86 |
| 14 | 167 | 164 | 161 | 159 | 157 | 154 | 98 | 86 | 86 |
| 12 | 169 | 166 | 163 | 160 | 158 | 155 | 98 | 86 | 86 |
| 10 | 171 | 167 | 164 | 162 | 160 | 157 | 98 | 86 | 86 |
| 2 | 173 | 168 | 166 | 164 | 162 | 160 | 150 | 86 | 86 |

¹ Maximum length of a single piece of cargo is determined by taking the height and width and finding the intersecting value. All values are in inches. Maximum weight for a single piece of cargo on a narrow body aircraft is 300 lbs.

²:Not Applicable

Length (IN)1

Delta Shipping Containers

AFT Cargo Compartment—48W X 35H

| Width/ Height | ĸ | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 |
|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 34 | 136 | 124 | 112 | 104 | NA ₂ | NA ² | NA ² | NA ₂ | NA ² |
| 32 | 137 | 127 | 115 | 103 | NA ² | NA2 | NA ² | NA ² | NA ² |
| 30 | 138 | 130 | 120 | 110 | 100 | 06 | 79 | 89 | 69 |
| 28 | 150 | 140 | 130 | 120 | 110 | 100 | 06 | 77 | 99 |
| 26 | 160 | 150 | 140 | 129 | 119 | 108 | 86 | 80 | 20 |
| 24 | 174 | 160 | 150 | 140 | 130 | 118 | 110 | 100 | 8 |
| 22 | 176 | 162 | 154 | 142 | 134 | 116 | 108 | 86 | 92 |
| 20 | 178 | 166 | 156 | 144 | 138 | 120 | 112 | 104 | 96 |
| 18 | 182 | 170 | 160 | 148 | 140 | 128 | 120 | 114 | 100 |
| 16 | 195 | 180 | 167 | 155 | 146 | 135 | 126 | 117 | 104 |
| 14 | 230 | 190 | 173 | 162 | 153 | 142 | 132 | 120 | 106 |
| 12 | 244 | 200 | 190 | 170 | 160 | 150 | 140 | 126 | 111 |
| 10 | 248 | 230 | 222 | 208 | 197 | 170 | 150 | 129 | 116 |
| 5 | 256 | 246 | 242 | 235 | 226 | 198 | 160 | 136 | 118 |
| | | | | , | ; | | | | |

Length (IN)1

Return to top

¹ Maximum length of a single piece of cargo is determined by taking the height and width and finding the intersecting value. All values are in inches. Maximum weight for a single piece of cargo on a narrow body aircraft is 300 lbs.

¹ Maximum length of a single plece of cargo is determined by taking the height and width and finding the intersecting value. All values are in inches. Maximum weight for a single piece of cargo on a narrow body aircraft is 300 lbs.
² Not Applicable

737-800 Narrow Body Aircraft

Forward Cargo Compartment—48W X 35H

| Width/ Height | ĸ | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 48 |
|------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 34 | 112 | 100 | 06 | 8 | 73 | 29 | 61 | 22 | 54 | 53 |
| 32 | 131 | 116 | 104 | 94 | 82 | 22 | 71 | 99 | 63 | 62 |
| 30 | 150 | 131 | 117 | 105 | 92 | 87 | 80 | 74 | 71 | 69 |
| 28 | 168 | 147 | 124 | 116 | 105 | 92 | 88 | 82 | 77 | 9/ |
| 26 | 188 | 161 | 142 | 126 | 113 | 103 | 94 | 88 | 83 | 8 |
| 24 | 210 | 177 | 154 | 137 | 122 | 111 | 101 | 94 | 88 | 87 |
| 22 | 231 | 194 | 167 | 147 | 131 | 118 | 108 | 100 | 98 | 91 |
| 20 | 254 | 210 | 180 | 157 | 139 | 125 | 114 | 105 | 86 | 96 |
| 18 | 273 | 228 | 193 | 167 | 147 | 132 | 119 | 110 | 102 | 100 |
| 16 | 274 | 247 | 206 | 177 | 158 | 139 | 125 | 114 | 106 | 103 |
| 14 | 275 | 267 | 220 | 188 | 169 | 145 | 130 | 119 | 110 | 107 |
| 12 | 277 | 273 | 233 | 197 | 171 | 151 | 135 | 123 | 113 | 110 |
| 10 | 277 | 274 | 250 | 210 | 181 | 159 | 142 | 129 | 118 | 112 |
| rð. | 280 | 276 | 273 | 242 | 205 | 178 | 158 | 142 | 130 | 116 |
| | | | | Lenç | Length (IN)1 | | | | | |

¹ Maximum length of a single plece of cargo is determined by taking the height and width and finding the intersecting value. All values are in inches. Maximum weight for a single plece of cargo on a narrow body alrcraft is 300 lbs.

AFT Cargo Compartment—48W X 31-35H

| 84 | NA ² |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 45 | NA ₂ |
| 40 | NA ² |
| 35 | NA ² |
| 30 | NA ² |
| 25 | 52 |
| 20 | 28 |
| 15 | 99 |
| 9 | 77 |
| ĸ | 89 |
| Width/ Height | 34 |

| 32 | 124 | 108 | 93 | 82 | 72 | 64 | 22 | 52 | 49 | 49 |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 30 | 160 | 140 | 123 | 110 | 66 | 83 | 81 | 22 | 20 | 29 |
| 28 | 176 | 152 | 133 | 118 | 105 | 94 | 82 | 78 | 73 | 70 |
| 56 | 201 | 171 | 148 | 130 | 116 | 104 | 94 | 86 | 80 | 9/ |
| 24 | 228 | 189 | 162 | 142 | 126 | 113 | 102 | 93 | 87 | 82 |
| 22 | 247 | 206 | 177 | 152 | 134 | 120 | 108 | 66 | 95 | 88 |
| 20 | 275 | 225 | 191 | 166 | 147 | 128 | 116 | 105 | 26 | 95 |
| 18 | 338 | 242 | 206 | 176 | 155 | 135 | 122 | 11 | 102 | 6 |
| 16 | 339 | 265 | 220 | 188 | 164 | 143 | 128 | 116 | 106 | 100 |
| 4 | 340 | 293 | 238 | 201 | 174 | 153 | 134 | 121 | 11 | 104 |
| 12 | 341 | 338 | 253 | 212 | 182 | 160 | 143 | 130 | 119 | 107 |
| 10 | 343 | 339 | 273 | 226 | 190 | 166 | 148 | 133 | 122 | 110 |
| 2 | 345 | 340 | 337 | 268 | 221 | 188 | 163 | 144 | 131 | 120 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Length (IN)1

Return to top

MD-88/MD-90 Narrow Body Aircraft

Forward Cargo Compartment Bin 1—53W X 31H

| Width/ Height ³ | 29 162 | 27 164 | 24 175 |
|-------------------------------|---------------|--------|--------|
| 9 | 153 | 156 | 160 |
| တ | 147 | 152 | 160 |
| 12 | 144 | 149 | 155 |
| 15 | 133 | 140 | 150 |
| 18 | 123 | 130 | 140 |
| 21 | 11 | 120 | 130 |
| 24 | 107 | 114 | 123 |
| 27 | 100 | 109 | 116 |
| 30 | 94 | 102 | 112 |
| 33 | 90 | 66 | 104 |
| 36 | 81 | 90 | 66 |
| 39 | 22 | 82 | 93 |
| 42 | 89 | 9/ | 82 |
| 45 | 99 | 9/ | 78 |
| 48 | 29 | 49 | 69 |
| 52 | 20 | 54 | 09 |
| | _ | | _ |

¹ Maximum length of a single piece of cargo is determined by taking the height and width and finding the intersecting value. All values are in inches. Maximum weight for a single piece of cargo on a narrow body aircraft is 300 lbs.

² Not Applicable

| 7 | 192 | 180 | 165 | 160 | 158 | 145 | 140 | 132 | 122 | 113 | 108 | 100 | 94 | 87 | 80 | 71 | 65 |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 8 | 195 | 190 | 185 | 170 | 160 | 157 | 145 | 138 | 127 | 117 | 110 | 102 | 95 | 88 | 82 | 73 | 68 |
| 15 | 198 | 197 | 192 | 190 | 175 | 160 | 157 | 146 | 135 | 126 | 122 | 108 | 96 | 06 | 85 | 78 | 71 |
| 2 | 200 | 198 | 194 | 192 | 180 | 172 | 158 | 154 | 142 | 138 | 125 | 118 | 108 | 94 | 98 | 79 | 72 |
| 6 | 205 | 200 | 196 | 194 | 185 | 182 | 162 | 158 | 150 | 144 | 130 | 119 | 109 | 95 | 83 | 85 | 78 |
| 9 | 210 | 205 | 200 | 198 | 190 | 185 | 170 | 160 | 155 | 146 | 134 | 123 | 110 | 100 | 94 | 86 | 85 |
| က | 215 | 210 | 205 | 200 | 198 | 195 | 192 | 175 | 165 | 160 | 140 | 125 | 115 | 106 | 101 | 93 | 88 |
| | | | | | | | - | MAIN THE T | | | | | | | | | |

Length (IN)1

Forward Cargo Compartment Bin 2—53W X 31H

| Width/ Height | က | 9 | 6 | 12 | 15 | 8 | 73 | 24 | 27 | 30 | 33 | 36 | 39 | 42 | 45 | 48 | 52 |
|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|
| 53 | 156 | 152 | 147 | 144 | 133 | 123 | 1 | 107 | 109 | 94 | 06 | 81 | 22 | 89 | 99 | 29 | 50 |
| 27 | 157 | 155 | 152 | 149 | 140 | 130 | 120 | 114 | 119 | 102 | 66 | 06 | 82 | 9/ | 9/ | 64 | 54 |
| 24 | 160 | 156 | 155 | 154 | 150 | 140 | 130 | 123 | 116 | 112 | 104 | 66 | 93 | 82 | 28 | 69 | 9 |
| 21 | 162 | 160 | 156 | 155 | 154 | 145 | 140 | 132 | 122 | 113 | 108 | 100 | 98 | 87 | 80 | 71 | 65 |
| 18 | 179 | 178 | 162 | 158 | 156 | 154 | 145 | 138 | 127 | 117 | 110 | 102 | 92 | 88 | 82 | 73 | 68 |
| 15 | 181 | 180 | 170 | 163 | 160 | 156 | 154 | 146 | 135 | 126 | 122 | 108 | 96 | 90 | 82 | 78 | 71 |
| 12 | 182 | 181 | 176 | 170 | 163 | 158 | 155 | 154 | 142 | 138 | 125 | 118 | 108 | 94 | 98 | 79 | 72 |
| တ | 184 | 183 | 182 | 176 | 170 | 162 | 156 | 152 | 150 | 144 | 130 | 119 | 109 | 92 | 83 | 85 | 78 |
| ဖ | 184 | 183 | 182 | 181 | 180 | 178 | 160 | 156 | 155 | 146 | 134 | 123 | 110 | 100 | 94 | 98 | 85 |
| က | 184 | 184 | 183 | 182 | 181 | 179 | 162 | 160 | 157 | 147 | 135 | 125 | 115 | 106 | 101 | 93 | 88 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Length (IN)1

¹ Maximum length of a single piece of cargo is determined by taking the height and width and finding the intersecting value. All values are in inches. Maximum weight for a single piece of cargo on a narrow body aircraft is 300 lbs.

¹ Maximum length of a single piece of cargo is determined by taking the height and width and finding the intersecting value. All values are in inches. Maximum weight for a single piece of cargo on a narrow body aircraft is 300 lbs.

Forward Cargo Compartment Bin 3/4—53W X 30H

| 162 1 | 153 156 160 | 147 152 160 165 | | 133 | 123 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------------------|--------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|
| ` ` | 156 | 152 160 165 | | 140 | | 11 | 107 | 100 | 94 | 06 | 81 | 75 | 98 | 99 | 29 | 20 |
| • | 160 | 160 | | 0 | 130 | 120 | 114 | 109 | 102 | 66 | 6 | 82 | 9/ | 92 | 64 | 54 |
| | 9 | 165 | | 150 | 140 | 130 | 123 | 116 | 112 | 104 | 66 | 93 | 82 | 78 | 69 | 09 |
| 192 1 | 280 | | 20 | 158 | 145 | 140 | 132 | 122 | 113 | 108 | 100 | 94 | 87 | 80 | 71 | 65 |
| 195 1 | 190 | 185 | 170 | 160 | 157 | 145 | 138 | 127 | 117 | 110 | 102 | 92 | 88 | 82 | 73 | 89 |
| 198 1 | 197 | 192 | 190 | 175 | 160 | 157 | 146 | 135 | 126 | 122 | 108 | 96 | 90 | 82 | 78 | 7 |
| 200 | 198 | 194 | 192 | 180 | 172 | 158 | 154 | 142 | 138 | 125 | 118 | 108 | 94 | 98 | 79 | 72 |
| 205 2 | 200 | 196 | 194 | 185 | 182 | 162 | 158 | 150 | 144 | 130 | 119 | 109 | 92 | 83 | 85 | 28 |
| 2.10 | 205 | 200 | 198 | 190 | 185 | 170 | 160 | 155 | 146 | 134 | 123 | 110 | 100 | 94 | 86 | 85 |
| 215 2 | 210 | 205 | 200 | 198 | 195 | 192 | 175 | 165 | 160 | 140 | 125 | 115 | 106 | 101 | 93 | 88 |

¹ Maximum length of a single plece of cargo is determined by taking the height and width and finding the intersecting value. All values are in inches. Maximum weight for a single piece of cargo on a narrow body aircraft is 300 lbs.

Length (IN)1

Return to top

757 Narrow Body Aircraft

Forward Cargo Compartment Fwd Of Door—55W X 42.5H S Width/ Height

9/

Length (IN)1

¹ Maximum length of a single piece of cargo is determined by taking the height and width and finding the intersecting value. All values are in inches. Maximum weight for a single piece of cargo on a narrow body aircraft is 300 lbs.

Forward Cargo Compartment Fwd Of Door—55W X 42.5H

| Width/ Height | ĸ | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 20 | 55 |
|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 42 | 136 | 134 | 133 | 124 | 114 | 104 | 94 | 84 | 75 | 29 | 90 |
| 40 | 137 | 136 | 134 | 132 | 124 | 113 | 103 | 93 | 83 | 75 | 29 |
| 35 | 140 | 138 | 136 | 134 | 132 | 129 | 121 | 11 | 100 | 06 | 82 |
| 30 | 142 | 140 | 138 | 136 | 133 | 131 | 129 | 124 | 113 | 102 | 93 |
| 0-25 | 144 | 142 | 140 | 137 | 135 | 132 | 130 | 127 | 122 | 110 | 100 |
| | | | | _ | Length (IN)1 | (IN) | | | | | |

¹ Maximum length of a single piece of cargo is determined by taking the height and width and finding the intersecting value. All values are in inches. Maximum weight for a single piece of cargo on a narrow body aircraft is 300 lbs.

Return to top

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EXHIBIT D



Definition of Wide-body aircraft

passengers, where the largest narrow-bodies carry about 280. Freight-only versions exist as well, which are similar bar usually seated 7 to 10 abreast. For comparison, a traditional narrow-body airliner has a diameter of 3 to 4 metres, a A wide-body aircraft is a large airliner with a fuselage diameter of about 6 metres and twin aisles. Passengers are single aisle, and seats arranged 4 to 6 abreast. Typical wide-body aircraft can accommodate between 200 and 600 the cargo-loading arrangements.

The first wide-body aircraft was the four-engined Boeing 747 which debuted in 1969 and is still the largest in service, although the Airbus A380 will be larger still, when it enters service in 2006. Slightly smaller and shorter ranged three-engined wide-bodies followed in the early 1970s—the McDonnell Douglas DC-10 and the Lockheed L-1011 Tristar—then the twin-engined Airbus A300 in 1974. Subsequent commercial wide-bodies include the Ilyushin Il-86 (1980), the Airbus A310 (a shortened A300) and Boeing 767 (1982), the McDonnell Douglas MD-11 (1986), the Ilyushin Il-96 (1992), the Airbus A330/A340 family (1993), and the Boeing 777 (1995). The United States and the Soviet Union both produced dedicated military wide-body transports: the Lockheed C-5 Galaxy and C-141 Starliffer, the Ilyushin Il-76 "Candid", the Antonov An-124/An-225, and the Boeing C-17 Globemaster III.



Wide-body Virgin Atlantic Airbus A340-300 Larger version

Although a wide-body aircraft has a larger frontal area than a narrow-body of equivalent capacity, and thus greater form drag, it has several advantages:

- Lower ratio of surface area to volume, and thus (for equal volume) lower frictional drag.
- Shorter twin aisles make loading and unloading faster and reduce the difficulty of serving refreshments.
- Shorter overall length, which makes it easier to achieve the desired take-off rotation angle without very long and heavy landing gear.
 - Greater under-floor freight capacity.

Simple size: it is possible to make a wide-body aircraft much larger than a narrow-body and, all else being equal, the larger the aircraft the lower the fuel-burn per passenger-mile and the lower the cost.

because wide-body aircraft (and one non-wide-body aircraft, the Boeing 757) tend to leave wake vortices as they travel, making the area immediately behind unsafe for other aircraft. The amount of separation between aircraft is a judgement When traveling in civil airspace (particularly in North America and Europe), operators will often suffix their call sign with the word "Heavy". An example would be the call sign "United Flight 342 Heavy", for a Boeing 777. This is call based upon the size and weight of the leading aircraft.

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